



February 15, 2022

Please Note:

- Critical Care Services Ontario (CCSO) has recently revised definitions and criteria related to NICU Levels 2 & 3. Please visit CCSO's website to download the [Neonatal Intensive Care Unit \(NICU\) Levels of Care Guidance Document](#). **In this case, please note that the definitions and criteria related to Newborn Levels of Care for Levels 2 & 3 within PCMCH's Standardized Maternal and Newborn Levels of Care Definitions are no longer applicable.**
- The definitions and criteria related to Maternal Levels of Care are currently being revised by PCMCH. Hospitals should continue to follow the Standardized Maternal and Newborn Levels of Care Definitions (2013) for maternal care until further notice.





Standardized Maternal and Newborn Levels of Care Definitions

Updated August 1, 2013

Format:

This document consists of 6 sections:

- Overview and Caveats – page 2
- Maternal and Newborn Level Definitions – pages 3-6
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- Newborn Services (diagnostic tests and treatments) – pages 9-10
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Overview and Caveats:

All sites providing delivery services are expected to have:

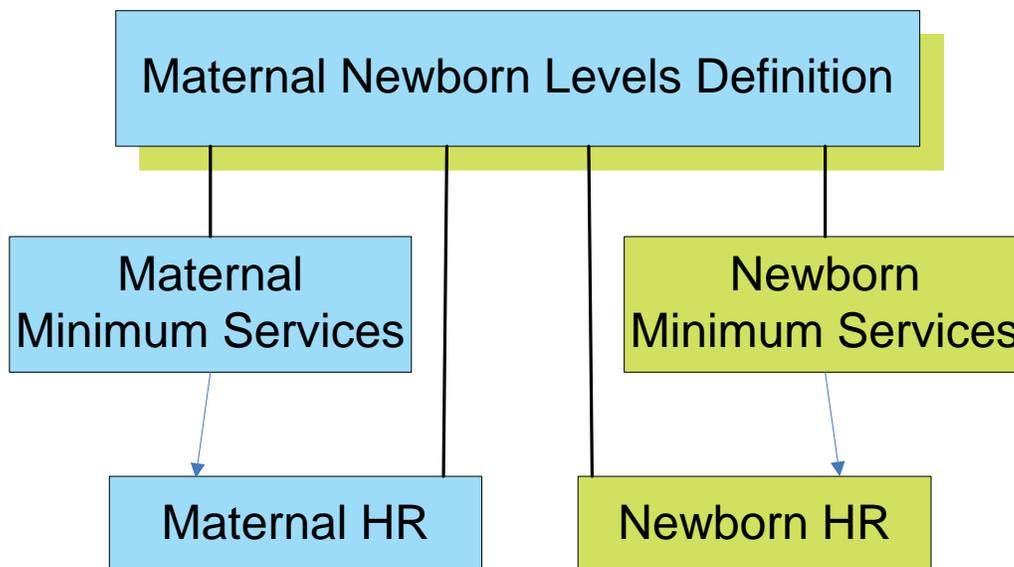
- Care providers competent to provide maternal and newborn care, including resuscitation and stabilization, as per Society of Obstetrics and Gynaecology of Canada (SOGC) guidelines
- A clearly established referral path and process to higher/specialized levels of care
- Clearly established patient transfer protocols
- Appropriate staff education for services delivered

Newborn level definitions refer to separate areas for newborn care in a hospital; in Mother-Baby Couplet Care or in a nursery or in a Neonatal Intensive Care Unit.

These definitions and the supporting service and human resource documents represent minimum expectations for each category unless otherwise specified.

It is expected that maternal and newborn levels are aligned i.e. the levels are the same within each organization so that infants are not, by design, being delivered in organizations that do not have the staff, expertise and equipment to manage their care requirements.

Structure of the Maternal-Newborn Levels Definitions and Associated Minimum Services and Human Resources Recommendations



Maternal and Newborn Level of Care Definitions

| Gestational Age | Maternal Care | Newborn Care | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Level I | Level Ia and Level Ib | Level I | |
| <p style="text-align: center;">GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO 36 WEEKS AND 0 DAYS</p> | <p>Risk</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Low maternal and neonatal risk including no significant medical diseases or risk factors likely to impact pregnancy and not anticipated to experience any significant complications. • Between 36 + 6 days and 36 + 0 days only if spontaneous preterm labour in absence of any other fetal maternal complications; in particular APH, hypertension, diabetes, any maternal infection or fever in labour greater than 38°C. • For all other cases less than 37 weeks consultation or transfer is recommended. • Operative vaginal deliveries should be undertaken only when there is a reasonable chance of success and a backup plan is in place (SOGC/ MOREOB). <p>Support</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The goal, where possible, should be to provide human resources and supports needed for 24/7 anaesthesia coverage • Labour analgesia should be available. This includes use of systemic narcotics (e.g. IM, IV, PCA), nitrous oxide with appropriate monitoring and safety protocols and labour epidural pain relief based on the availability of anaesthesia staff at the centre. • Epidural services, where available, should follow established CAS/ASA guidelines for obstetrical anaesthesia. • When a caesarean delivery is determined to be necessary and within scope of service, there must be timely access to anaesthetic and surgical services for the operative procedure. (Refer to SOGC guidelines). | <p>Expected skill level:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evaluation and postnatal care of healthy newborn infants who are predominantly cared for in a mother-baby dyad model (rooming-in). • Phototherapy. • Manage, for a limited duration, term newborn complications such as transient tachypnea of the newborn (TTNB), antibiotic prophylaxis, hypoglycaemia, and feeding difficulties. • Resuscitation and stabilization of ill infants before transfer to an appropriate care facility. | |
| | <p>Level Ia</p> <p>Does not provide caesarean delivery service 24/7/365</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Singleton pregnancies only • VBAC deliveries should not be offered. • Informed consent should be documented regarding the availability of resources and procedures i.e. capacity to provide on-site caesarean birth. | <p>Level Ib</p> <p>Provides caesarean delivery service 24/7/365</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • May care for uncomplicated dichorionic twin pregnancies greater than or equal to 36 weeks and 0 days. • Capability for electronic fetal monitoring. • Suspected SGA infants would not be delivered without consultation. • Assessment and care by an anaesthesiologist or FP/GP anaesthetist for operative deliveries. | |

| Gestational Age | Maternal Care | Newborn Care |
|---|---|---|
| Level II | Level IIa | Level IIa |
| GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO 34 WEEKS AND 0 DAYS | <p>Care as above PLUS:</p> <p>Risk</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Women carrying a fetus with anomalies (minor) not likely to need immediate interventions. • Low-to-moderate maternal risk experiencing low risk medical/obstetrical complications where SGA is not suspected. • May care for uncomplicated dichorionic twin pregnancies. If less than 36 weeks and 0 days consider consultation and transfer. <p>Support</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 24/7 induction and augmentation of labour • 24/7 availability of continuous EFM • Available assessment within 30 minutes by obstetrics, anaesthesia, and paediatrics for emergencies and potential caesarean sections. | <p>Care as above PLUS:</p> <p>Risk</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Planned/anticipated care for infants with a gestational age greater than or equal to 34 weeks and 0 days and a birth weight greater than 1800 grams. <p>Illness and intervention</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mild illness expected to resolve quickly. • Care of stable infants who are convalescing after intensive care • Nasal oxygen with oxygen saturation monitoring (acute and convalescing). • Ability to initiate and maintain a peripheral intravenous. • Gavage feeding <p>Retro-transfers.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stable neonatal retro-transfers with a corrected age over 32 weeks and 0 days, and a weight greater than 1500 grams and not requiring invasive or non-invasive ventilation, or advanced treatments or investigations. |
| Gestational Age | Maternal Care | Newborn Care |
| Level IIb | Level IIb | Level IIb |
| GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO 32 WEEKS AND 0 DAYS | <p>Care as above PLUS:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • May care for uncomplicated dichorionic twin pregnancies. If less than 34 weeks and 0 days consider consultation and transfer. | <p>Care as above PLUS:</p> <p>Risk</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Planned/anticipated care of infants with a gestational age greater than or equal to 32 weeks and 0 days and a birth weight greater than 1500 grams. <p>Illness and interventions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Moderately ill with problems expected to resolve quickly or who are convalescing after intensive care. • Continuous Positive Airway Pressure (CPAP), either transitional or extended stable CPAP. • May have mechanical ventilation for brief durations (less than 24 hours) • Insert and maintain umbilical lines. • Maintenance of PICC lines. • Peripheral intravenous infusions and total parenteral nutrition . <p>Retro-Transfers</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Stable neonatal retro-transfers with a corrected over 30 weeks and 0 days, and over 1200 grams and not requiring invasive ventilation, subspecialty support, surgical support, advanced treatments and investigations. |

| | | |
|-----------------|---------------|--------------|
| Gestational Age | Maternal Care | Newborn Care |
| Level IIc | Level IIc | Level IIc |

GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO
30 WEEKS AND 0 DAYS**

Care as above PLUS:

Risk

- Moderate maternal and/or neonatal risk
- Delivery of infants with antenatally diagnosed non-life threatening fetal anomalies (following consultation with a MFM specialist and paediatrician) not requiring immediate intervention
- May care for uncomplicated dichorionic or monochorionic twin pregnancies. If less than 32 weeks and 0 days gestation consider consultation and transfer.
- May care for uncomplicated triplets as expertise and capacity allows.

Care as above PLUS:

Risk

- Planned/anticipated care of infants with a gestational age greater than or equal to 30 weeks and 0 days and a birth weight greater than 1200 grams. ****See note below.**

Illness and interventions

- Moderately ill newborns with problems expected to resolve within a week or who are convalescing after intensive care.
- Mechanical ventilation for conditions expected to resolve within a week or extended continuous positive airway pressure.
- Intravenous infusion
- Total parenteral nutrition
- The ability to insert and maintain umbilical central lines
- Maintenance of percutaneous intravenous central lines, access to PICC line insertion.
- Support of babies with extended mechanical ventilation and lower gestational age may be required as a result of temporary inability to transport (e.g. geography, weather, capacity).

Retro-Transfers

- Retro-transfers should be reviewed on a case-by-case basis between the tertiary and receiving sites.

**** Note:**

The gestational age and birth weight criteria of 30 weeks plus 0 days and greater than 1200 grams will be a change from usual practice for some IIC units and should only be implemented following a clinical trial to make sure that the outcomes are comparable to Level III care for the 30 to 32 week population. Until this evaluation has been completed the admission criteria for those IIC units currently functioning with 32 week 0 days as their admission criteria should remain at status quo.

Not having ROP screening service (on-site or remote) is a confining feature and a major obstacle to retro-transfer. Centres with limited coverage are encouraged to explore local or regional cross-coverage. At this point ROP screening as a “**must have**” for Level IIB has been removed.

| Gestational Age | Maternal Care | Newborn Care | |
|--------------------------------------|--|---|---|
| Level III | Level III | Level IIIa | Level IIIb |
| ANY GESTATIONAL AGE OR WEIGHT | <p style="text-align: center;">Care as above PLUS:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • High Risk maternal and/or neonatal (newborn care requirements must be within the scope of the newborn program services and resources). • High maternal risk and/or complex medical, surgical and/or obstetrical complications requiring complex multidisciplinary and subspecialty critical care at any gestational age. • High fetal risk complications such as diagnosis of congenital malformations that require access to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • special fetal diagnostic or therapeutic procedures • paediatric subspecialty consultation or care • neonatal surgical services • Neonatal intensive care services as per Neonatal Scopes of Services document. • On-site adult intensive care unit services available to accept transfer and care of unstable parturients. | <p style="text-align: center;">Care as above PLUS:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Any gestational age or weight. • Mechanical ventilation support including high frequency, and possibly inhaled nitric oxide, for as long as required. • Timely access to a comprehensive range of subspecialty consultants. | <p style="text-align: center;">As in IIIa PLUS:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • On site surgical capability. |

Diagnostic Tests/Treatments for Maternal Care

| Type of Diagnostic Test/Treatment Available | Maternal | | | | | |
|--|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | Level Ia | Level Ib | Level IIa | Level IIb | Level IIc | Level III |
| PRENATAL | | | | | | |
| Routine antenatal screening access should be arranged for all pregnant women regardless of where they live | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES |
| Electronic Fetal Monitoring | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES |
| IN LABOUR | | | | | | |
| Fetal Fibronectin (fFn) | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES |
| Continuous Fetal Monitoring (external) | NO | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES |
| Fetal Scalp pH | NO | NO | NO | Optional | Optional | Optional |
| Continuous O ₂ sat monitoring | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES |
| Obstetrical ultrasound | NO | NO | NO | NO | YES | YES |
| OBSTETRICAL INTERVENTIONS | | | | | | |
| Induction of labour | NO | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES |
| Operative vaginal delivery (forceps <i>or</i> vacuum) | YES* | YES* | YES | YES | YES | YES |
| Epidural ** | NO** | NO** | YES | YES | YES | YES |
| Surgery, caesarean section | NO | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES |
| ICU care on site | NO | NO | NO | NO | NO | YES |
| Administer blood products | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES |
| POST DELIVERY | | | | | | |
| D & C | NO | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES |

*Excludes mid- cavity rotation

** Where available for levels Ia and Ib

Human Resources for Maternal Care

| Type of Personnel | Level Ia | Level Ib | Level IIa | Level IIb | Level IIc | Level III |
|---|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Minimum Standard | | | | | | |
| Medical: | | | | | | |
| Family Physician/Midwife | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES |
| GP Surgeon/General Surgeon/GP Obstetrical Surgeon | NO | YES | NO | NO | NO | NO |
| GP Anaesthetist/ Anaesthesiologist | NO | YES | YES | NO | NO | NO |
| Obstetrician | NO | NO | YES | YES | YES | YES |
| Anaesthesiologist | NO | NO | NO | YES | YES | YES |
| Maternal Fetal Medicine Specialist | NO | NO | NO | NO | NO | YES |
| Nursing: | | | | | | |
| Registered Nurse * As per FCMNG | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES |
| Registered Practical Nurse | Optional | Optional | Optional | Optional | Optional | Optional |
| Respiratory Therapy: | | | | | | |
| Registered Respiratory Therapist | NO | NO | YES | YES | YES | YES |
| Other Staffing Support: | | | | | | |
| Pharmacist | NO | NO | YES | YES | YES | YES |
| Social Worker | NO | NO | YES | YES | YES | YES |
| Dietician | NO | NO | YES | YES | YES | YES |
| Spiritual Care/Bereavement Support | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES |
| Ultrasonography Technicians | NO | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES |
| Radiology Technicians | NO | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES |
| Lactation Support /Consultant | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES |
| Specialist Consultations: | | | | | | |
| Antenatal Paediatric Consultations | NO | NO | YES | YES | YES | YES |
| Antenatal Neonatal Subspecialists Consultations | NO | NO | NO | NO | NO | YES |
| Cardiology | NO | NO | NO | NO | NO | YES |
| Clinical Genetics | NO | NO | NO | NO | NO | YES |
| Radiology | NO | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES |
| Internal Medicine | NO | NO | YES | YES | YES | YES |
| Psychiatry | NO | NO | NO | NO | YES | YES |

NOTE: Availability of personnel should be consistent with the model of care within the organization and the normal work schedule for the particular professional group

Diagnostic Tests/Treatment for Newborn Care

| Type of Diagnostic Test | Newborn Care | | | | | | |
|---|----------------|-----------|------------------|-----------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| | Level I | Level IIa | Level IIb | Level IIc | Level IIIa | Level IIIb | Accessibility |
| General Laboratory | | | | | | | |
| Micro technique for neonates - all routine blood work and newborn screening | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | |
| Blood type & Coombs | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | |
| Cross match | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | |
| Bacterial smear | YES - Regional | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | |
| Bacterial and viral studies | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | REGIONAL |
| Drug screen | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | REGIONAL |
| Metabolic screen (serum AA, urine AA and OA, ammonia, lactate) | NO | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | REGIONAL |
| Therapeutic drug monitoring | NO | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | REGIONAL |
| Umbilical cord blood pH | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | |
| Continuous O ₂ sat monitoring | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | |
| Pathology | NO | NO | NO | NO | YES | YES | |
| Other Diagnostics | | | | | | | |
| Echocardiography | NO | NO | NO | NO | YES – Timely Access | YES - 24/7 | |
| EEG | NO | NO | NO | NO | YES Timely Access | YES Timely Access | |
| Infant eye exams (retinopathy) | NO | NO | **See note below | YES | YES | YES | |

NOTE: A YES for testing or services indicates 24/7/365 availability, If otherwise indicated, testing and or services should be consistent with the normal model of care and work schedule of personnel i.e. Monday-Friday and/or timely access for technologist.

**Not having a screening service (on-site or remote) is a confining feature and a major obstacle to retro- transfer. Centres with limited coverage are encouraged to explore local or regional cross-coverage. At this point ROP screening as a “must have” for Level IIb have been removed.

| Type of Treatment | Newborn | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------|------------|------------|---------------|
| Minimum Standard | Level I | Level IIa | Level IIb | Level IIc | Level IIIa | Level IIIb | Accessibility |
| | Treatment | | | | | | |
| Gavage feeding | NO | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | |
| Lumbar puncture | NO | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | |
| Phototherapy | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | |
| Short term O ₂ stabilization | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | |
| Long term O ₂ therapy - convalescent | NO | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | |
| Continuous positive airway pressure management | NO | NO | YES | YES | YES | YES | |
| Endotracheal intubation (prior to transfer) | YES | YES | YES | N/A | N/A | N/A | |
| Ventilation support < 24 hours | NO | NO | YES | YES | YES | YES | |
| Ventilation support < 7 days | NO | NO | NO | YES | YES | YES | |
| Ventilation support unlimited | NO | NO | NO | NO | YES | YES | |
| Administration of surfactant (prior to transfer) | NO | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | |
| Drainage of pneumothorax prior to transfer | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | |
| Chest tube initiation and maintenance | NO | NO | NO | YES | YES | YES | |
| Short term IV stabilization | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | |
| Long term IV therapy (greater than 1 week) | NO | NO | YES | YES | YES | YES | |
| Catheterization of umbilical vein and/or artery | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | |
| Umbilical central line maintenance | NO | NO | YES | YES | YES | YES | |
| Percutaneous IV central line maintenance | NO | NO | YES | YES | YES | YES | |
| PICC line insertion | NO | NO | NO | YES-timely access | YES | YES | |
| Arterial puncture | NO | NO | YES | YES | YES | YES | |
| Administer blood products | YES - prior to transfer | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | |
| TPN | NO | NO | YES | YES | YES | YES | |
| Full range of non-invasive and invasive procedures/treatments/monitoring for tertiary care | NO | NO | NO | NO | YES | YES | |
| Infant surgery | NO | NO | NO | NO | NO | YES | |
| Neonatal Follow-Up | NO | NO | NO | YES - access | YES | YES | |

Human Resources for Newborn Care

| Type of Personnel* | Newborn Units | | | | | |
|---|---------------|---------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Minimum Standard | Level I | Level IIa | Level IIb | Level IIc | Level IIIa | Level IIIb |
| Medical: MRP | | | | | | |
| Family Physician/Midwife | YES | YES | NO | NO | NO | NO |
| Paediatrician | NO | YES | YES | YES | NO | NO |
| Neonatologist | NO | NO | NO | Access to | YES | YES |
| Nursing: | | | | | | |
| Registered Nurse | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES |
| Registered Practical Nurse | Optional | Optional | Optional | Optional | Optional | Optional |
| Respiratory: | | | | | | |
| Registered Respiratory Therapist | NO | YES - ON CALL | YES - ON CALL | YES - IN HOUSE | YES - IN HOUSE | YES - IN HOUSE |
| Other Staffing Support: | | | | | | |
| Social Worker | NO | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES |
| Feeding and Developmental Assessments (Physiotherapy or Occupational Therapist) | NO | NO | NO | YES | YES | YES |
| Dietician | NO | NO | YES | YES | YES | YES |
| Pastoral Care/ Bereavement Support | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES |
| Ultrasonography Techs for cranial ultrasounds | NO | NO | WEEKDAYS | WEEKDAYS | YES - ON CALL | YES - ON CALL |
| Radiology Techs | YES - ON CALL | YES - ON CALL | YES | YES | YES | YES |
| Pharmacist | NO | YES - ON CALL | YES - ON CALL | YES - ON CALL | YES - ON CALL | YES - ON CALL |
| Clerical Staff | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES |
| Subspecialties (access to): | | | | | | |
| Antenatal Consult for Inborn Units | NO | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES |
| Neonatal surgery | NO | NO | NO | NO | NO | YES |
| Anaesthesia | NO | NO | NO | NO | NO | YES |
| Paediatric Cardiology | NO | NO | NO | NO | YES | YES |
| Radiology | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES | YES |
| Ophthalmology | NO | NO | **see note below | YES | YES | YES |

*Like the Society of Obstetricians and Gynaecologists, the Canadian Paediatric Society has published standards for hospitals providing neonatal care. The Society specifies that, at Level I hospitals a primary care physician or paediatrician should be available on call at all times. In Level II hospitals a paediatrician should be on call always and either in-house or assured that appropriately trained staff are in-house when mechanical ventilation is in progress. In Level III hospitals a neonatologist should be available on call always and there should be in-house coverage by appropriately trained staff (paediatrician, paediatric trainee, or neonatal NP) certified to perform the full range of resuscitation and intensive care roles. ONTARIO MEDICAL ASSOCIATION POLICY ON MATERNAL AND NEWBORN CARE IN ONTARIO. February, 2008

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NOTE: Availability of personnel should be consistent with the model of care within the organization and the normal work schedule for the particular professional group