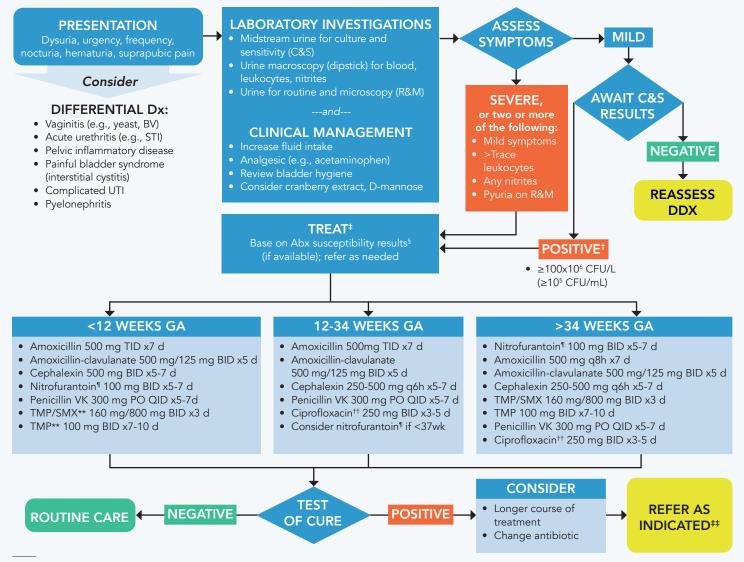
## Ontario Midwives CLINICAL TREATMENT ALGORITHM

## Acute urinary tract infection (UTI) in pregnancy

RISK FACTORS: Pregnancy, frequent sexual activity (≥3x/wk), poor bladder hygiene, recurrent UTI, pre-gestational diabetes, polycystic kidneys, congenital kidney anomalies, sickle cell disease\*



- \* If bolded risk factor(s) present, review guidelines for higher-risk populations and manage or refer accordingly.
- $\dagger\,\,$  For results indicating GBS is present, consult the GBS bacteriuria algorithm.
- ‡ Recommended treatment regimens may vary by community and local antimicrobial resistance rates, **this is not an exhaustive list** of antibiotic options for treatment. Further, this algorithm only includes drugs within prescribing scope for Ontario midwives at the time of publication. Additional drugs may be appropriate (e.g., fosfomycin); midwives may refer as indicated or order/administer under directive as per Ontario Regulation.
- § E. coli (most common uropathogen in UTI) has high antimicrobial resistance to amoxicillin (up to ~85%), penicillin VK (≥90% in some areas) and TMP (up to ~40%); consider alternate drug for empiric therapy if susceptibility results not available.
- ¶ Consider alternate drug in T1 if available, but may be most suitable for empiric treatment. Contraindicated in T3 or if labour/birth imminent.
- \*\* TMP(/SMX) is reasonable in first trimester if no appropriate alternatives available. TMP is a folate antagonist; consider concurrent folate supplementation. Avoid in last 6 weeks of pregnancy due to risk of kernicterus in infants (especially if preterm).
- †† Generally recommended to avoid fluoroquinolones in pregnancy, especially T1, can consider if no appropriate alternatives available.
- ‡‡ Assess for urgency & complications (e.g., suspected pyelonephritis) and refer accordingly (community vs. urgent care).

## REFERENCES

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Vazquez JC, Abalos E. Treatments for symptomatic urinary tract infections during pregnancy. Cochrane Database of Systematic Reviews. 2011(1).